

LPIC-1 101-500 – Lesson 6

103.6 Modify process execution priorities



Process Priorities

- The Linux system allows us to set the priority of processes
- The priority values for a process range from **-20** to **19**. Priority **-20** is the highest possible priority and **19** the lowest possible (even though its higher numerically)
- The default priority for newly created processes is **0**
- Priorities can be re-defined before or after the creation of a process



Show Priorities


- `$ ps -efl | less #` the **NI** field will display the priority for each process (**-l**)
- `$ ps -lu user #` the **NI** field will display the priority of each processes by user **user**
- `$ top #` the **NI** field will display the priority for each process



Run processes with different priority with `nice`

- `$ nice top # = nice -10, nice -n 10`. run top with priority 10 (default for nice). H top will have lower priority than 0 and thus will be “nicer” (hence nice)
- `# nice --10 find / > all-files.txt & # = nice -n -10`. increase the priority of the find process at -10 and send process to background. The first dash is for the option and the second for the negative sign in -10

Note: only the root user has the right to set negative priorities




Change the priority of running processes with `renice`

- `$ renice 6 1755 1786 # change the priority of processes 1755 and 1786 to 6.`

Note1: the first argument is mandatory and sets the priority number

Note2: the priority in renice is an argument, not an option! So we don't need dash, unless we are setting a negative priority

Note3: in case priority exceeds number 19 then it is set to the lowest priority which is 19



Change the priority of running processes with `renice`

- `# renice -15 -u user` # increase the priority of all processes owned by `user`. Only the `root` user has the right to set negative priorities.

Note1: the dash (-) symbol is the negative sign not option dash

Note2: when the absolute value of a negative priority is greater than -20, e.g., -35, the process will assume a priority of -20

Change the priority of running processes with `renice`

Options:

- **-u** # set the user
- **-p** # set the **PID**. Mandatory only if followed by **-u**
- **# renice 12 1548 -u user1 user2 -p 1289 #**
change priority to **12** for all the processes of **user2** and PIDs **1548** and **1289**

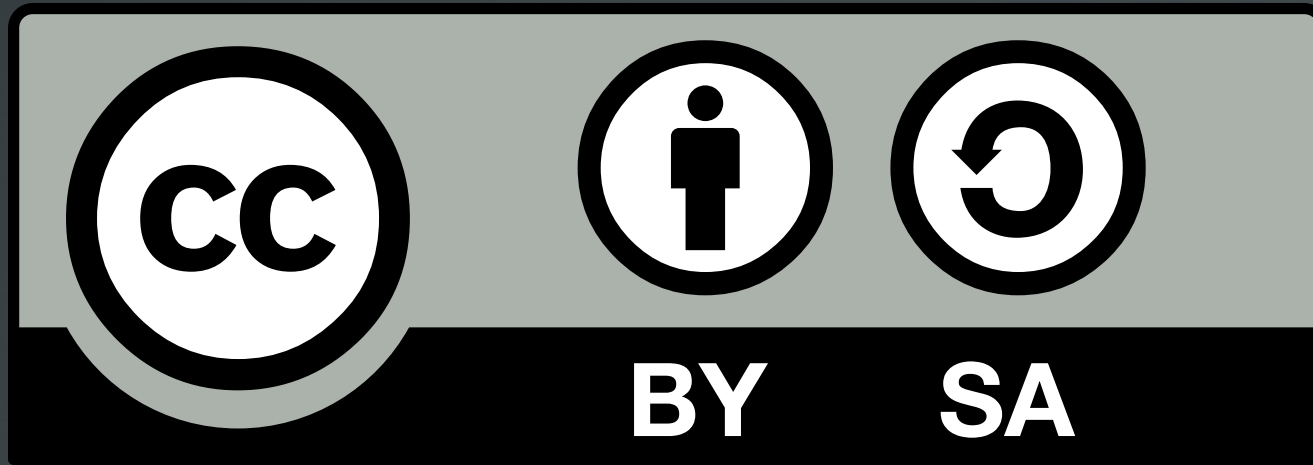


Change priorities from `top`

- `$ top` # find a PID that was run by you
- `r` # Press "r" for renice
- `<PID>` # set the PID of the chosen process
- `<PRI>` # Set a priority (0 – 19 for normal users, -20 – (+)19 for root)



License



The work titled "LPIC-1 101-500 – Lesson 6" by Theodotos Andreou is distributed with the Creative Commons Attribution ShareAlike 4.0 International License.

